

Analyzing and Visualizing Mobility using Observed and Simulated Trajectories

presented to

2014 Ground Transportation Technology Symposium

presented by

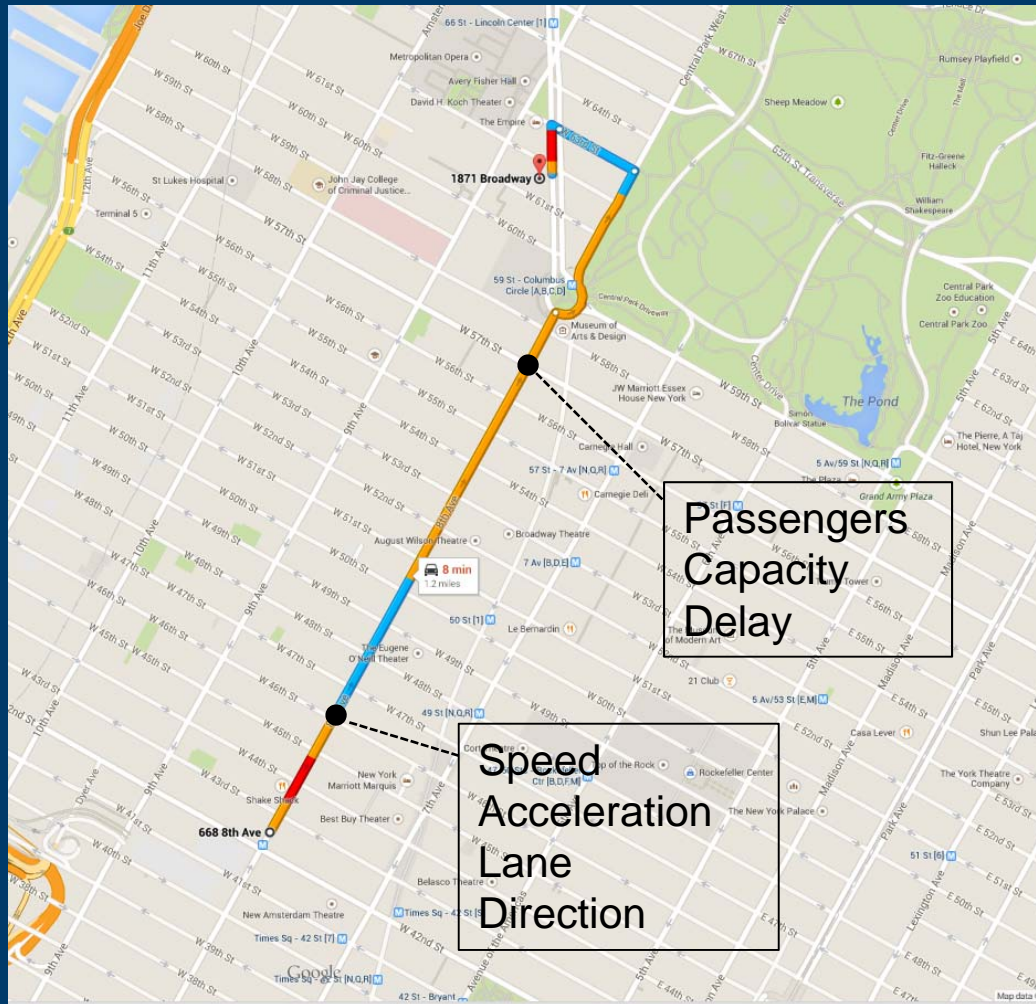
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**November 19th
2014**

CAMBRIDGE
SYSTEMATICS

What is a Trajectory?



Trajectory=the path of a moving object over time

Or: X,Y,T,...records

Interested in events along movement path

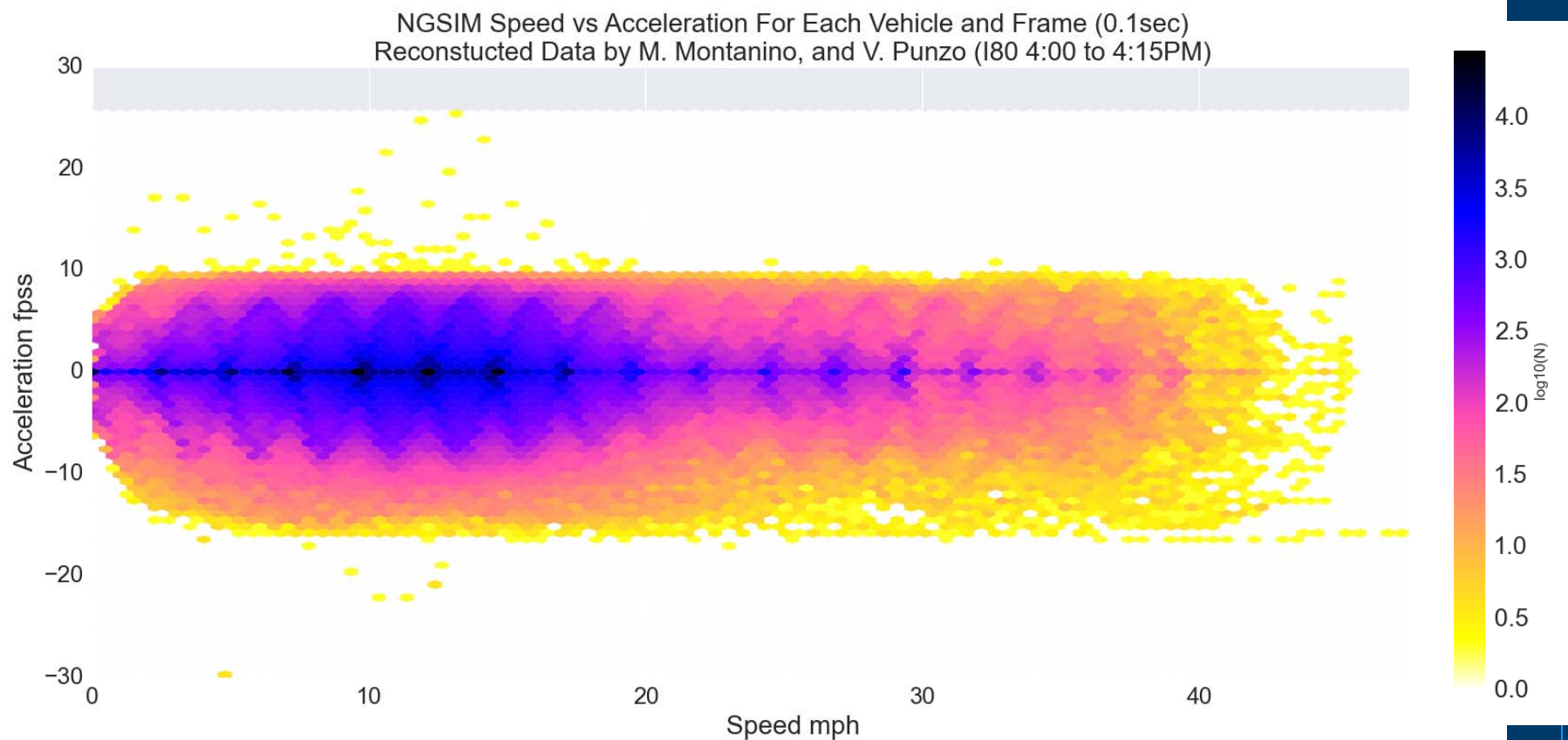
Overall, mobility data are the fastest growing type of data

Vehicle Trajectories in the NGSIM Data

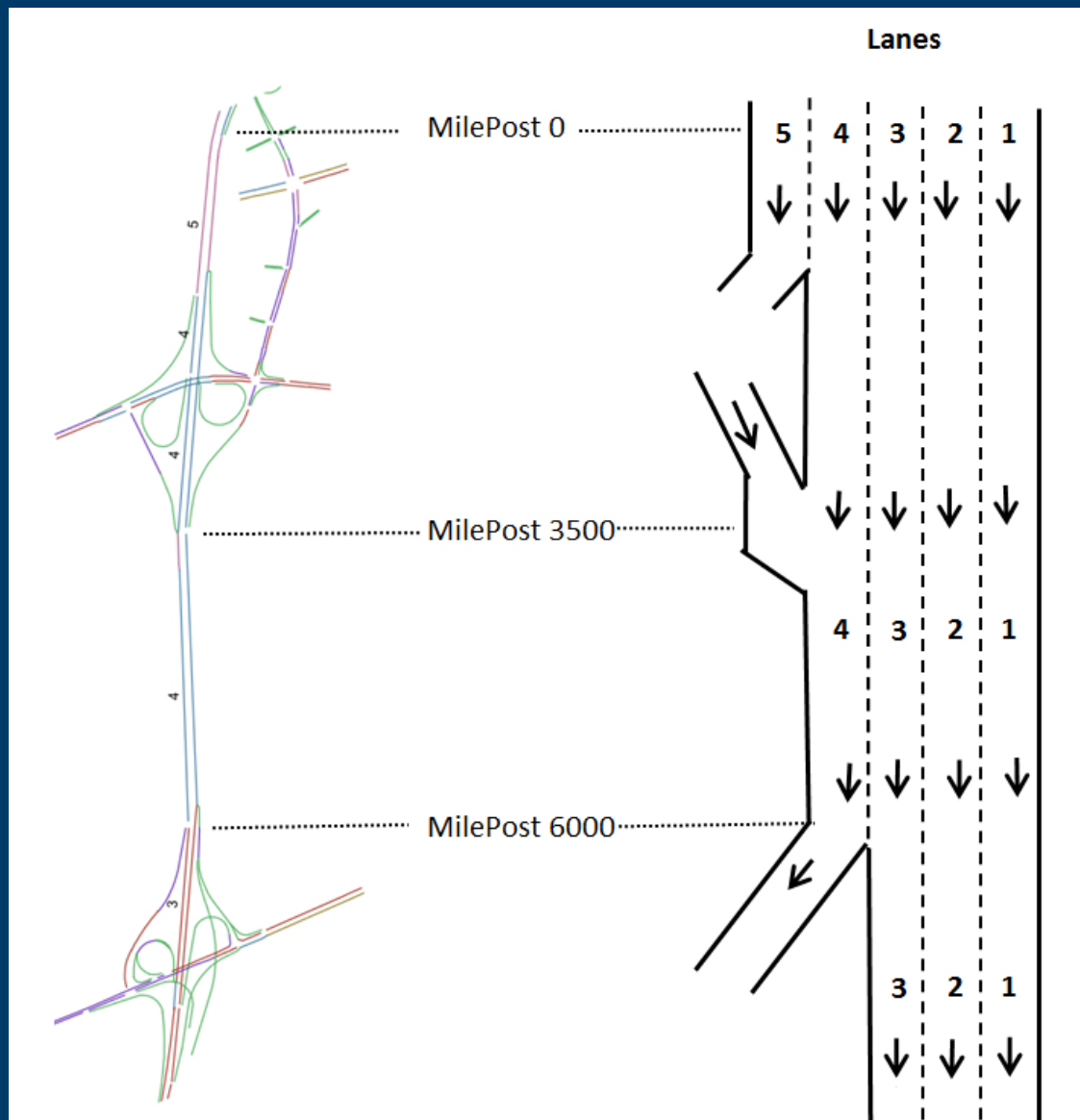
- Cars are videotaped from a camera mounted on top of a building
- Video detection algorithms are used to extract a vehicle trajectory for each vehicle
- Vehicle positions are determined every 0.1 seconds
- Distances to all other vehicles, speed, acceleration are calculated



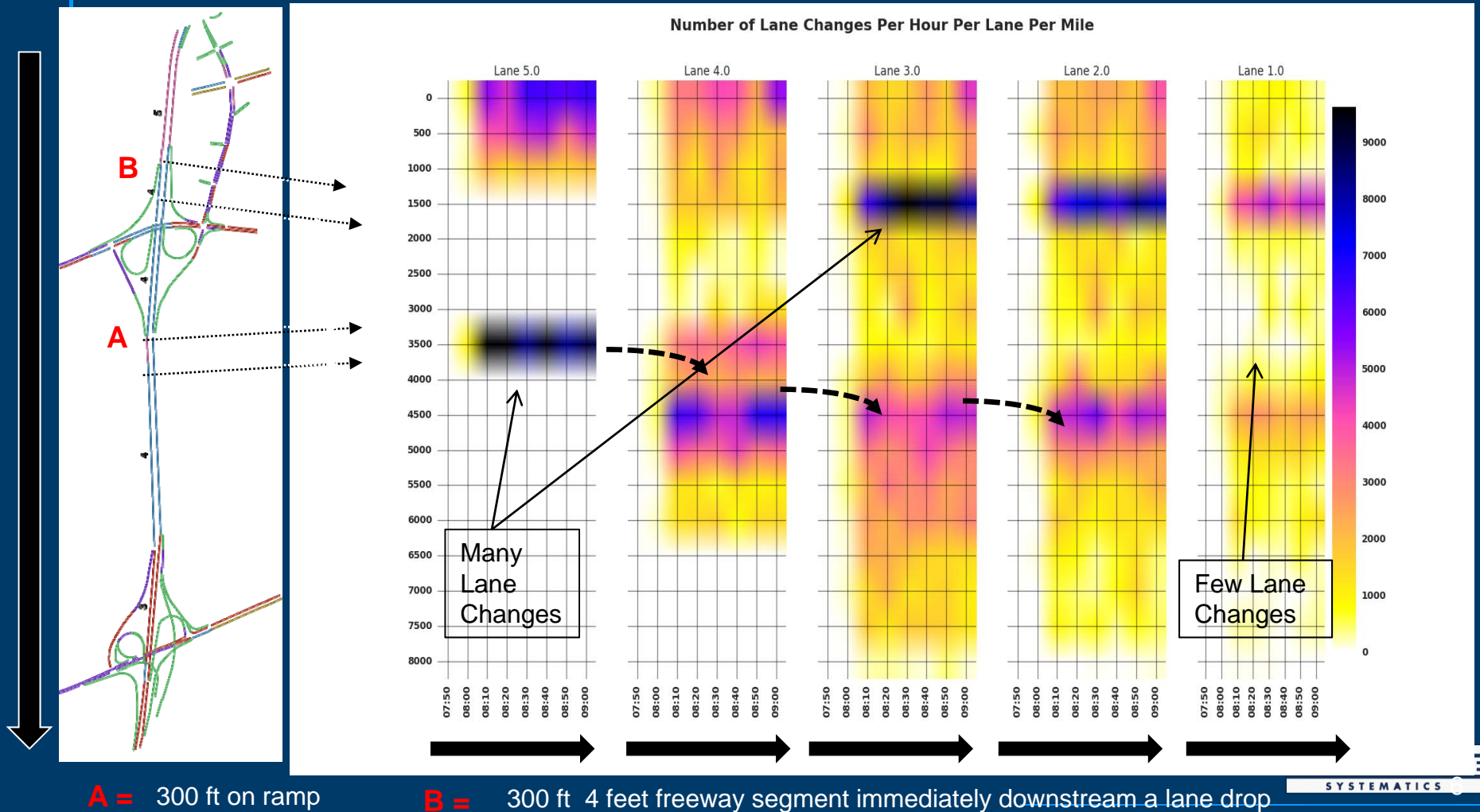
Vehicle Speed Vs Acceleration



Freeway Corridor Geometry



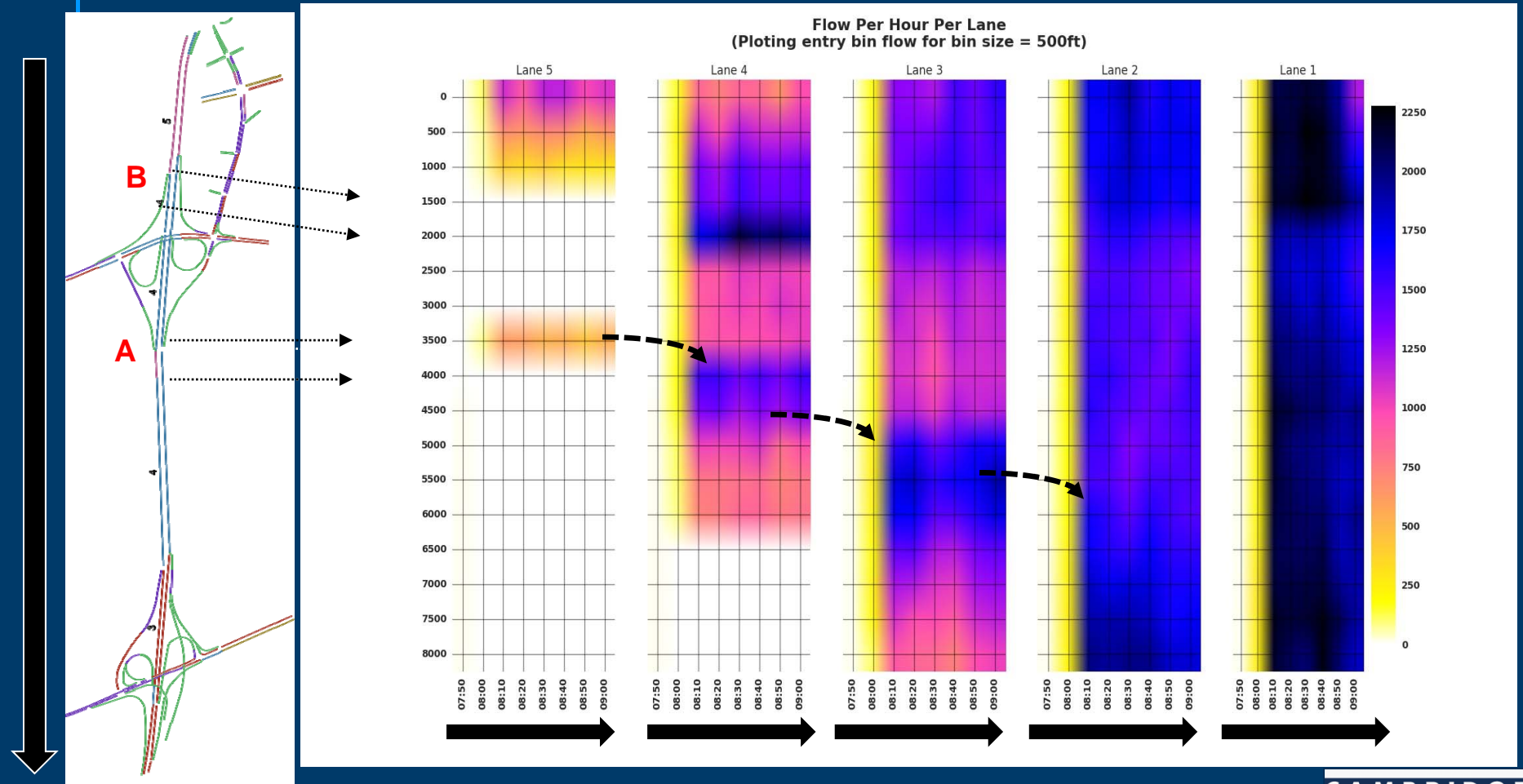
Number of Lane Changes Per Hour/Lane/Mile (Simulation)



Flow Per Hour Per Lane (Simulation)

Low Flow

High Flow



A = 300 ft on ramp **B** = 300 ft 4 feet freeway segment immediately downstream a lane drop

Bus or Subway Trajectories

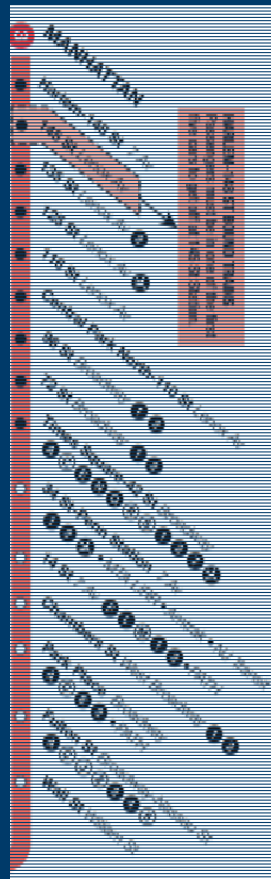
Weekday Service

3 Southbound

From Harlem-148 St, 7 Av, Manhattan, to New L

| Harlem 148 St | 135 St | 96 St | Times Sq 42 St | 14 St | Chambers St |
|------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|----------|----------------|
| 12:03 | 12:07 | 12:15 | 12:25 | — | — |
| 12:23 | 12:27 | 12:35 | 12:45 | — | — |
| 12:43 | 12:47 | 12:55 | 1:05 | — | — |
| 1:03 | 1:07 | 1:15 | 1:25 | — | — |
| 1:23 | 1:27 | 1:35 | 1:45 | — | — |
| 1:43 | 1:47 | 1:55 | 2:05 | — | — |
| 2:03 | 2:07 | 2:15 | 2:25 | — | — |
| 2:23 | 2:27 | 2:35 | 2:45 | — | — |
| 2:43 | 2:47 | 2:55 | 3:05 | — | — |
| 3:03 | 3:07 | 3:15 | 3:25 | — | — |
| 3:23 | 3:27 | 3:35 | 3:45 | — | — |
| 3:43 | 3:47 | 3:55 | 4:05 | — | — |
| 4:03 | 4:07 | 4:15 | 4:25 | — | — |
| 4:23 | 4:27 | 4:35 | 4:45 | — | — |
| 4:43 | 4:47 | 4:55 | 5:05 | — | — |
| 5:03 | 5:07 | 5:15 | 5:21 | 5:25 | 5:29 |
| 5:14 | 5:17 | 5:25 | 5:32 | — | — |
| 5:18 | 5:22 | 5:30 | 5:36 | 5:40 | 5:44 |
| 5:32 | 5:36 | 5:44 | 5:50 | 5:54 | 5:58 |
| 5:36 | 5:40 | 5:48 | 5:54 | — | — |
| 5:48 | 5:52 | 6:00 | 6:06 | 6:10 | 6:14 |
| 5:59 | 6:03 | 6:11 | 6:17 | 6:21 | 6:25 |
| 6:10 | 6:14 | 6:23 | 6:30 | 6:33 | 6:38 |
| 6:22 | 6:25 | 6:33 | 6:40 | 6:43 | 6:48 |
| 6:29 | 6:33 | 6:41 | 6:48 | 6:51 | 6:56 |
| 6:40 | 6:44 | 6:52 | 6:59 | 7:02 | 7:07 |
| 6:48 | 6:51 | 7:00 | 7:07 | 7:10 | 7:15 |
| 6:54 | 6:58 | 7:07 | 7:14 | 7:18 | 7:22 |
| 6:58 | 7:02 | 7:13 | 7:20 | 7:24 | 7:28 |
| 7:10 | 7:13 | 7:22 | 7:29 | 7:33 | 7:37 |
| 7:16 | 7:19 | 7:28 | 7:35 | 7:39 | 7:43 |
| 7:23 | 7:26 | 7:35 | 7:42 | 7:46 | 7:51 |
| 7:30 | 7:34 | 7:42 | 7:49 | 7:53 | 7:58 |
| 7:37 | 7:40 | 7:51 | 7:58 | 8:02 | 8:07 |
| 7:44 | 7:47 | 7:56 | 8:04 | 8:08 | 8:13 |
| 7:50 | 7:53 | 8:03 | 8:10 | 8:14 | 8:19 |
| — | 7:58 | 8:08 | 8:15 | 8:19 | 8:24 |
| 7:58 | 8:04 | 8:14 | 8:22 | 8:26 | 8:31 |
| 8:04 | 8:08 | 8:19 | 8:27 | 8:31 | 8:36 |

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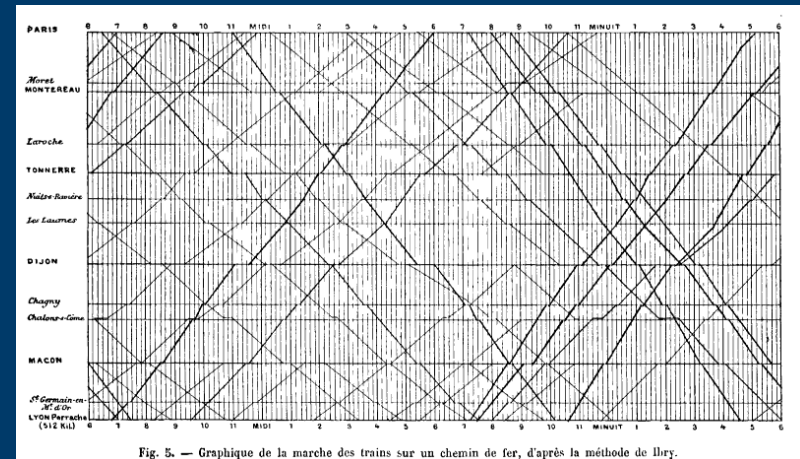


Fig. 5. — Graphique de la marche des trains sur un chemin de fer, d'après la méthode de Illy.

Online Demo of Web Graphics

<http://swdev14.camsys.com/sharktank/delayVisualization/map3.html>

Visualizing Bus Stop Delay Interactively



Contact Information

THANK YOU!

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