



Cleaner mobility solutions: "last mile delivery" in Europe

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OUR TEAM



University of Lisbon









Vehicle Simulation and Energy Sources Energy impacts, Behavior and electric mobility City Logistics and Urban Freight Transport

Urban Accessibility User/Technology Interaction



Research areas





Last mile delivery, Freight Transport and Traffic simulation



Electric mobility monitoring and impacts, LCA Fleet impacts, Policy implications



Sustainable transports, Urban Mobility Management



Introduction

What is the current situation?



Energy, emissions, traffic and system efficiency in urban centers are affected by

<u>Urban logistics (last mile delivery)</u>

Almost 100% of goods transport within cities is done by

motorized vehicles





WHITE PAPER on TRANSPORTS



Roadmap to a Single European Transport Area – Towards a competitive and resource efficient transport system

Ten Goals for a competitive and resource efficient transport system: benchmarks for achieving the **60% GHG emission** reduction target

Goal #1: Developing and deploying new and sustainable fuels and propulsion systems

Halve the use of 'conventionally-fuelled' cars in urban transport by 2030; phase them out in cities by 2050; **achieve essentially** CO₂-free city logistics in major urban centres by 2030.









Energy, emissions, traffic and system efficiency in urban centers are affected by

<u>Urban logistics (last mile delivery)</u>

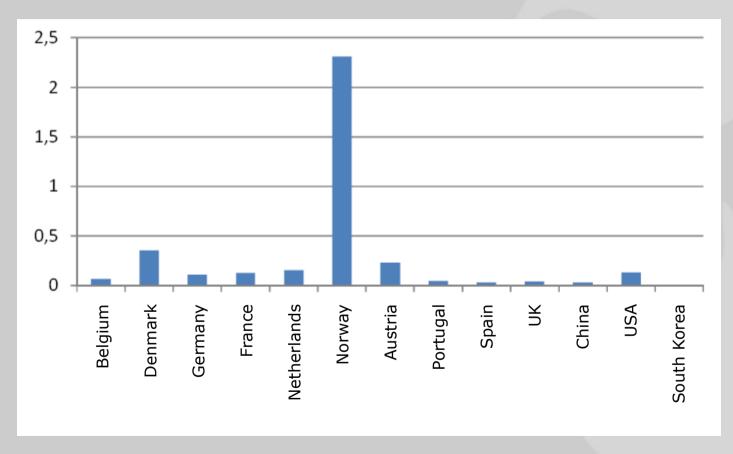
Problems addressed by

- Introduction of cleaner solutions
- Adoption of more flexible and smaller solutions
- Parking and delivery policies
- Micro-platforms
- Others





Number of electric cars per 1000 passenger cars (2012)

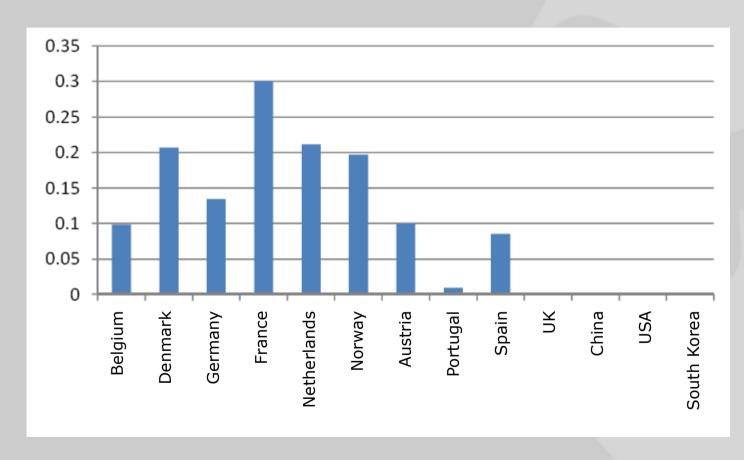


Adapted from Weeda, M., P. Kroon and D. Appels (2012) Elektrisch vervoer in Nederland in internationaal perspectief, ECN/Agentschap NL, Petten





Number of electric goods vehicles per 1,000 freight vehicles (2012)



Adapted from Weeda, M., P. Kroon and D. Appels (2012) Elektrisch vervoer in Nederland in internationaal perspectief, ECN/Agentschap NL, Petten





EVs are starting to be available for last mile delivery





Energy, emissions, traffic and system efficiency in urban centers are affected by

<u>Urban logistics (last mile delivery)</u>

Light goods are often transported over very short distances by HDV. Every second trip in urban areas is shorter than 5 km and could easily be done by bike.

Small sizing of vehicles -> 25% potential of all trips that could be shifted from motorized vehicles towards cycling-related solutions.

Less energy consumption and CO_2 emissions Reduction in congestion, noise levels and pollution Increase in space for citizens Increase in the quality of urban life.



What is being done in Europe?

EU projects involving urban freight delivery

European projects: ELCIDIS



ELCIDIS: ELECTRIC VEHICLE CITY DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

(1998-2002)



The ELCIDIS project tested a better solution for urban logistics by:

- Organizing urban distribution using quiet and clean (hybrid) electric vehicles
- A more efficient organization of urban logistics by more efficient routing of the vehicles and the use of urban distribution centers (UDC).

Site	Logistics		Vehicles		
	Distribution service	Operating area	Number & type	Battery type	Payload in k
Rotterdam	parcels & packages	city centre	3 electric vans Mercedes Sprint	6 x sodium nickel chloride ZEBRA Z5C	1250
			4 electric vans Mercedes Sprint	12 x sodium nickel chloride ZEBRA Z5C	1000-1500*
Stockholm	delivery of goods such as parcels, packages, food and clothes	city centre & region	6 hybrid electric trucks Mercedes ATEGO 1217	6 x lead	2300
			3 electric vans Citroën Berlingo	3 x nickel cadmium	440
La Rochelle	parcels, packages & messages	city centre	6 electric vans Citroën Berlingo	6 x nickel cadmium	500
			1 FAAM Jolly 1200 electric van	1 x lead	900
			1 electric car Citroën Saxo	1 x nickel cadmium	300
Erlangen	delivery service of goods & documents	city centre & region	10 hybrid electric Audi Duo	10 x lead	400
Regione Lombardia	mail delivery & services	city & city centre	13 electric vans Citroën Berlingo	13 x nickel cadmium	500
Stavanger	mail, packages, documents & equipment etc.	city centre & region	3 electric vans Peugeot Partner	3 x nickel cadmium	500
			2 electric vans Citroën Berlingo	2 x nickel cadmium	500
			2 electric cars Citroën Saxo	2 x nickel cadmium	300
			1 electric van Mercedes Sprint	1 x lead	500**

^{*} If more than 1000 kg, Gross Vehicle Weight exceeds 3500 kg, meaning the van becomes a truc



^{**} With a Gross Vehicle Weight of 3500 kg.

European projects: CIVITAS



CIVITAS: 15 projects on urban mobility (2002-2016)





CIVITAS works on 9 areas but the area of urban freight logistics it encourages:

- The use of cleaner freight vehicles
- Solutions to better coordinate freight logistics

More efficient freight deliveries can reduce congestion, lower emissions and free up space for sustainable modes.

Compare measures:

http://www.civitas-initiative.org/thematic-categories/urban-freight-logistics



European projects: BESTFACT



BestFact: Best Practice Factory for Freight Transport (2012-2015)



Objective: develop, disseminate and enhance the utilization of best practices and innovations in freight transport

Areas of action:

- Urban Freight
- Green Logistics & Co-modality
- eFreight





European projects: Cyclelogistics





moving Europe forward

Cyclelogistics - Moving Goods by Cycle (2011- 2014)

11 countries

Objective: aims to reduce energy used in urban freight transport by replacing unnecessary motorized vehicles with cargo bikes for intra-urban delivery and goods transport in Europe

Brussels Cambridge (B) Alba lulia Copenhagen (B) Ploydiy

http://www.cyclelogistics.eu/



European projects: Cyclelogistics





moving Europe forward

Cyclelogistics - Moving Goods by Cycle (2011- 2014)

Focus Groups



Shop by bike











Vrachtfiets

Goods Delivery

Consumer Tests









European projects: STRAIGHTSOL



City Logistics project

STRAIGHTSOL

http://www.straightsol.eu/

Strategies and measures for smarter urban freight solutions (2012-2014)











European projects: E-Mobility NSR



E-Mobility NSR: North Sea Electric Mobility Network

(2011-2014)

Objectives:

- Provide **state of the art information** which may help policy development in emobility in the NSR.
- Provide insight into the gaps and needs in respect of infrastructure, logistics and preliminary standards for multi charging techniques.
- Long-term analysis upon which regional and local governments as well as other relevant stakeholders in the NSR may engage on e-mobility.

www.e-mobility-nsr.eu

Beneficiaries per Country

United Kingdom

Transport for London
Newcastle City Council
Northumbria University
Cities Institute
Hertfordshire County Council

The Netherlands

Municipality of Amsterdam Delft University of Technology Province of North Holland

Germany

Hamburg University of Applied Sciences

WFB Wirtschaftsförderung Bremen GmbH

Denmark

FDT - Association of Danish Transport and Logistics Centres

Høje-Taastrup Kommune

Sweden

Lindholmen Science Park AB

Norway

Zero Emission Resource Organisation

Belgium

Ghent University



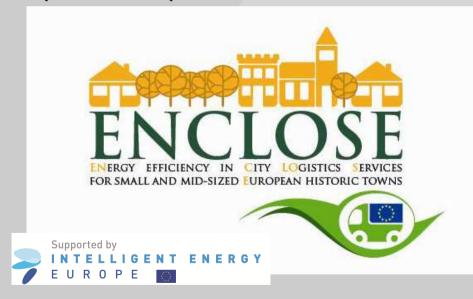


European projects: ENCLOSE



City Logistics project

ENCLOSE - ENergy efficiency in City LOgistics Services for small and mid-sized European Historic Towns (2012-2014)



www.enclose.eu

Start: May 2012

Duration: 30 months

Coordination: MemEx Srl, Livorno

(Italia)

Consortium: 16 partners from 13 EU

countries



European projects: ENCLOSE



City Logistics project

ENCLOSE - ENergy efficiency in City LOgistics Services for small and mid-sized European Historic Towns (2012-2014) Almada City



Survey
700 shops
+ 30 cardrivers
+ 20 logistic companies



European projects: FREVUE



City Logistics project

FREVUE Demonstration of <u>Urban Freight Electric Vehicles</u> for

Clean City Logistics (March 2013 - 2017)

DG Research FP7





http://frevue.eu/





European projects: DOROTHY



DOROTHY: Development Of RegiOnal clusTers for researcH and implementation of **environmental friendly urban logistics** (2013-2015)

Regions: Tuscany, Comunidad Valenciana, Lisboa e Vale do Tejo Region, Oltenia Region

- Definition of a **Joint Action Plan** (JAP) for RTD and innovation in Regions
 - Identification of the **innovation measures** and assessing of technological, implementation and benefit framework
- Mentoring of new **clusters** and measures towards the implementation of the Joint Action Plan



What else is being done in Europe?

Practical Applications of EV & bikes in Last mile delivery



Analysis of case applications in:

- Denmark (10)
- Norway (2)
- Germany (9)
- UK (11)
- The Netherlands (13)
- Belgium (10)
- Sweden (3)

Considering:

- Status
- Number and type of

vehicle

- Type of application
- Funding
- Impacts
- Operation



Main source of information: E-Mobility NSR Comparative Analysis of European Examples of Schemes for Freight Electric Vehicles Compilation report, TU Delft, HAW Hamburg, Lindholmen Science Park, Aalborg, Denmark





Austria

- ☐ Window Cleaner (Vienna)
- ☐ Food Delivery (Graz)
- ☐ Advertisement distributors
- ☐ Mail services (Graz)
- ☐ Bike messengers (urgent orders)

Bulgaria

- ☐ Festivals
- ☐ High School Proms
- ☐ Putting up posters
- ☐ Courier







Denmark

- ☐ All sorts of goods transport
- ☐ Street vendors (ice cream, coffee, pancakes, cocktails, snacks, soup, sandwiches, sushi)
- ☐ Deliveries (post; packages)
- ☐ Shopping; supermarkets
- ☐ People parents transporting children

to day care centres



Italy

- ☐ private mail and small packages delivery
- □ waste collection (re-launched by creation of pedestrian areas)
- □ child/children
- ☐ municipal police (pedestrian areas)





Romania

- ☐ delivery of refreshments such as hot dogs & coffee
- ☐ waste paper collection
- ☐ advertising
- ☐ courier services

Safety/security is an issue

New York

☐ Mostly food delivery;

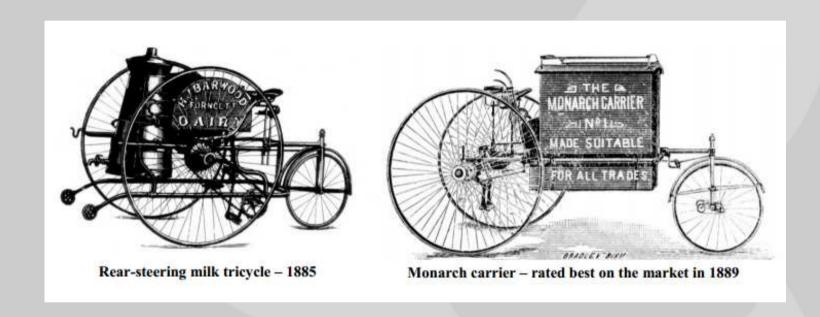
Temperature is an issue





What are we doing?





- 1881: first carrier cycle was used by the British Post Office
- A few decades later, many shopkeepers used this type of bike to make local deliveries of bread, meat, milk etc.



The past?



- Thomas Edison was about to invent the light bulb
- The Statue of Liberty was about to be made in France and shipped to New York
- The Eiffel Tower didn't exist yet









The present







What are the main barriers?

Main barriers (Europe)



- The biggest problem seems to be (mis)perception: safety, security and theft of both cycles and payload (source: Transport for London)
- Technology (availability, cost, reliability/trust,...)
- Diesel Culture
- And for bicycles / cargo bikes
 - Driver fatigue
 - Range (4 or 7 km)
 - Topography
 - Weather (seasonality)



How are we addressing the challenges?

Research questions



1) How does the use of CMS's affects traffic, energy efficiency and emissions?

2) What should be the geographical coverage of CMS's replacing conventional vehicles on city logistics?

3) What is the appropriate business model, the adequate incentives and policies?

4) How do these solutions behave in real world conditions?



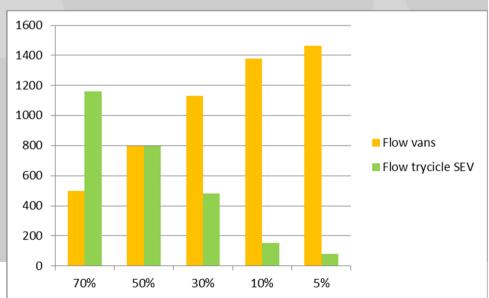
Research questions



- 1) How does the use of CMS's affects traffic, energy efficiency and emissions?
- 2) What should be the geographical coverage of CMS's replacing diesel vans on city logistics?
- 3) What is the appropriate business model, the adequate incentives and policies?

Macro-simulation of traffic impacts of the introduction of small electric vehicles in Oporto





Research questions



4) How do these solutions behave in real world conditions?

On road monitoring of electric vehicles and electric bicycles (over 200km monitoring in Lisbon)

Dynamics, energy consumption of vehicle (and biker)













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